Outbreak Involving Produce

State Perspective







Notifications of an Incident

• Where could notification originate?

• Who would make the notification?



Where Could Notifications Originate?

Rapid Response Team

• State or local health department

• FDA





Who Would Make the Notification?

- Department of Health (DOH)
- Manufactured Food Program
- Rapid Response Team or Emergency Response Team
- FDA Division State Liaison
- FDA Emergency Response Coordinator

How to Find Contacts?

https://www.afdo.org/directories/dslo/





When Would Produce be Involved?

- When notified there is a signal for an FBI involving produce
- When source of FBI is determined to be produce
- When there are calls regarding the incident involving produce



What Should the Produce Program Do?

- Notify the FDA PSN
- Conduct an investigation
- Coordinate traceback at the farm





FDA CORE



FEDERAL COORDINATION OF MULTISTATE OUTBREAKS

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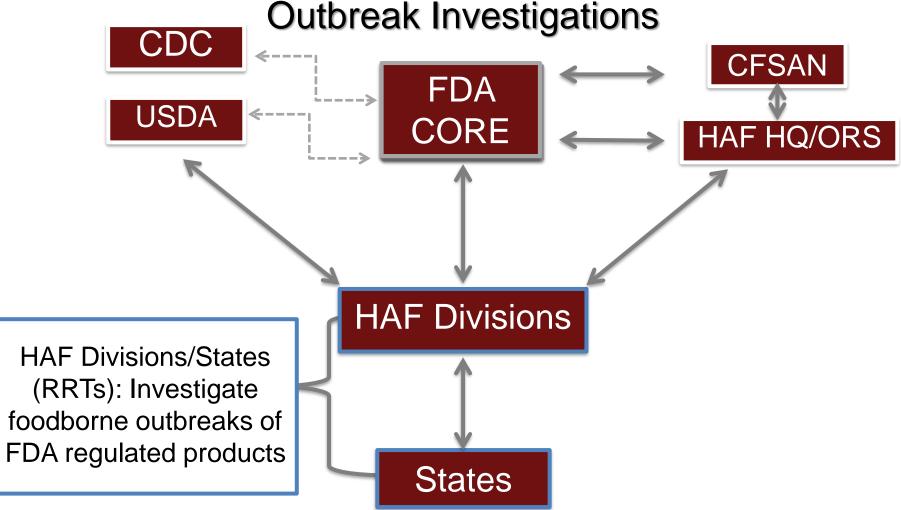
- Primary Federal Offices for Coordination:
 - –CDC: Outbreak Response and Prevention Branch
 - –FDA: Coordinated Outbreak Response and Evaluation Network (CORE)
 - –USDA: Food Safety and Inspection Service (FSIS), Applied Epidemiology Staff

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PROCESSES USED FOR FEDERAL COORDINATION



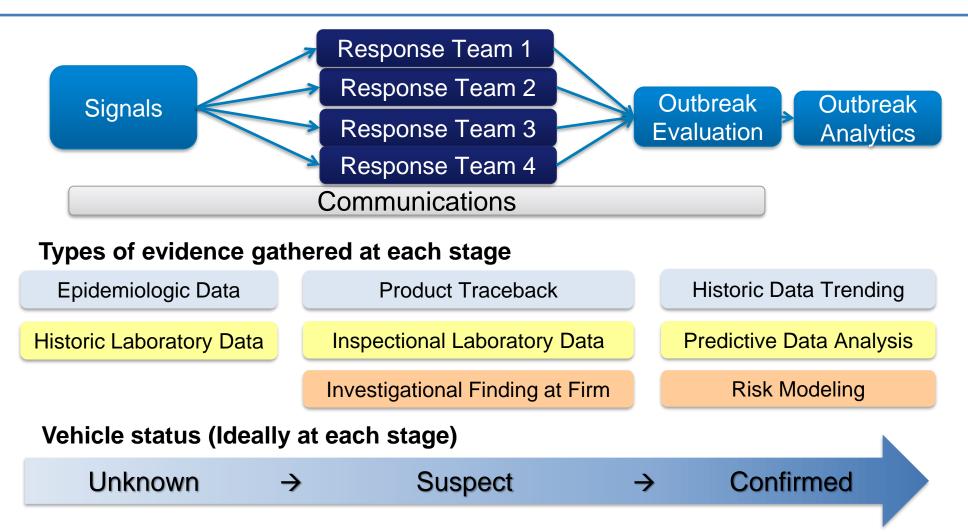


Slide 12-14 www.fda.gov



CORE: INCIDENT MOVEMENT



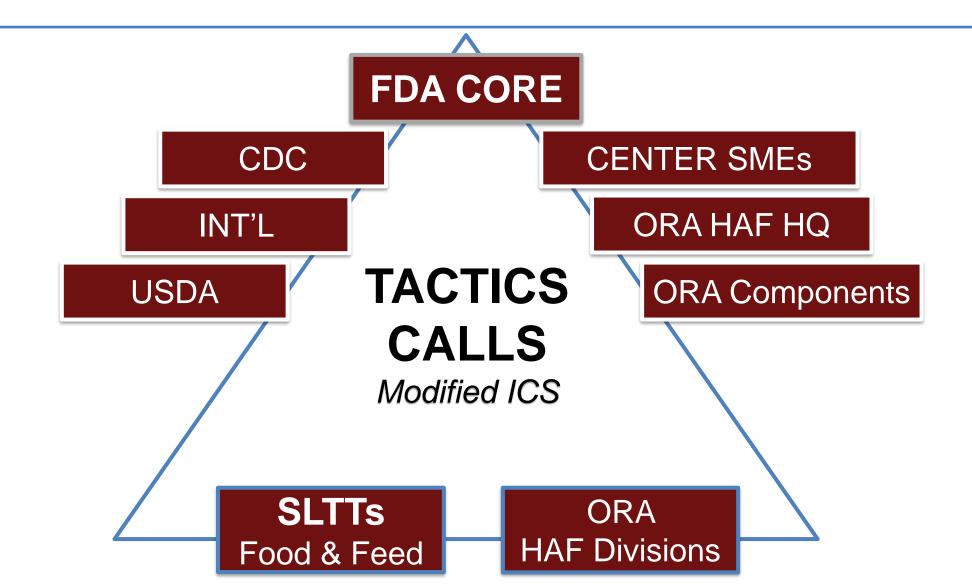


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TACTICS CALLS



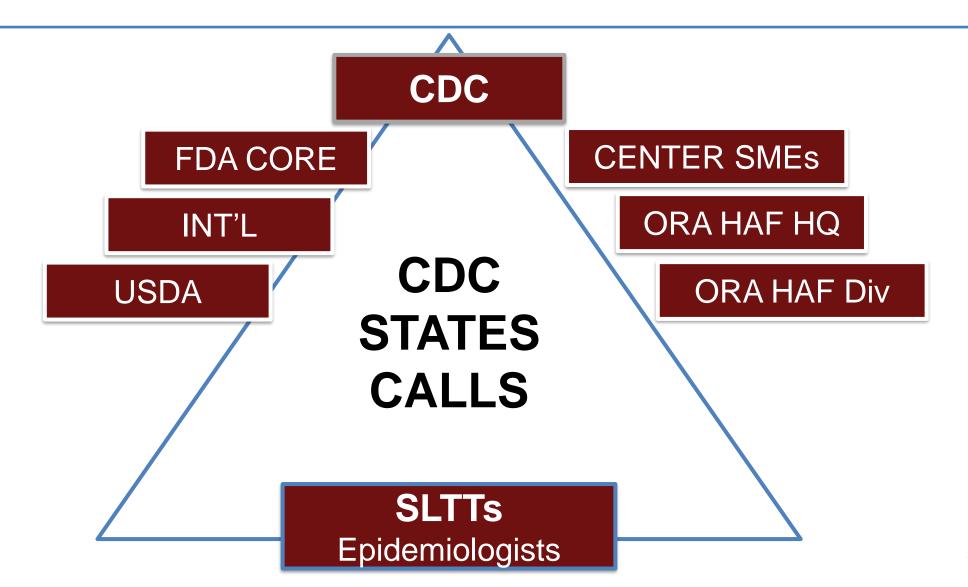
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CDC STATES CALLS



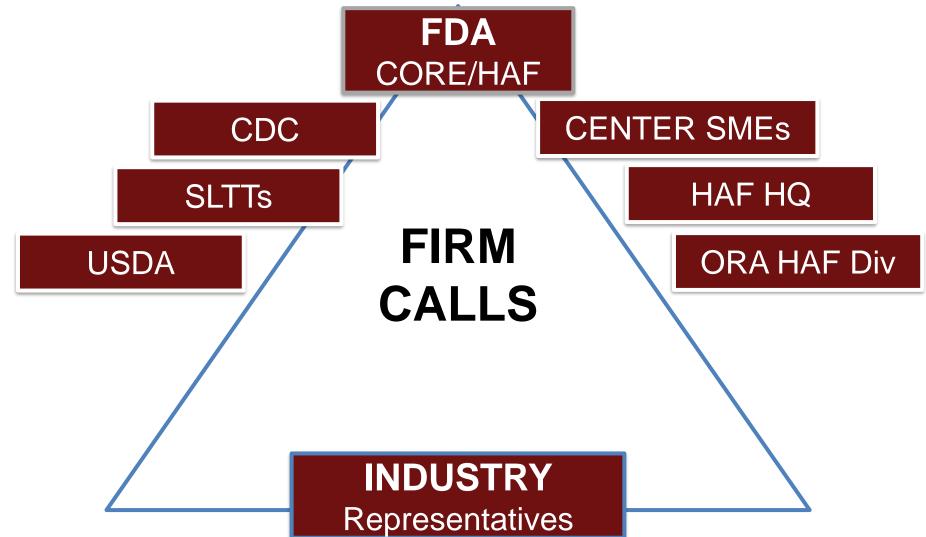
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Slide 12-17





FDA FIRM CALLS



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Slide 12-18



QUESTIONS?



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Breakout Activities

Foodborne Illness Outbreaks Activity





Activity Instructions

- Select a scribe for each of the discussion sessions.
- Select someone to report out from each table for each of the sessions.
- The table group will review and discuss each of the questions allowing all to participate.
- Records answer(s) which can be reported out.
- Reporter will provide group results and provide additional details as background.



- a. Is your organization part of an Emergency Response Team? Which agency is the lead and coordinates foodborne illnesses, including produce, in your state?
- b. Are there protocols in place for collaboration with other agencies/entities within your jurisdiction in a food emergency event?
- c. Which agency has the lead for epidemiology for a foodborne illness investigation that involves a produce item?
- d. Which agency typically contacts your program when there is an initial report of a foodborne illness event involving produce?
- e. What organizations, agencies, and programs should be part of an Emergency Response Team involving the implicated produce in commerce.
- f. Why would you want to have someone from extension or academia be a partner with produce on the Emergency Response Team when produce is involved?
- g. What is the importance of a 20.88 or credentialing when an event occurs?



- a. When a traceback of the suspected produce item is required, does your program have procedures in place to conduct a traceback?
- b. What should be part of this procedure plan?
- c. Do you have written information to provide to the farm to help clarify and expedite what is needed and the steps for the traceback?
- d. How would you disseminate the traceback information you receive to the Emergency Response Team in your state?
- e. If sampling of produce is needed for cause on the farm, does your produce program have the authority to take samples? If no, which program/agency would conduct the sampling?



- a. When produce from a specific farm is suspected as a vehicle of contamination, what mechanisms do you use/have in place to alert the farm/industry?
- b. What information is shared with the farm and by whom?
- c. When should communication take place with the farm?
- d. What mechanisms are in place in your agency to alert the public?
- e. Who would be the specific state agency to issue the public notification?
- f. What information should your produce program need to be prepared to answer questions from consumers, associations, or other stakeholders?



- a. What is your most important take away from today's discussion about outbreaks.
- b. What information have you realized you need in your program to make informed decisions during a foodborne illness outbreak incident involving produce?
- c. Thinking about this activity, what are two things your program should review/develop in your emergency response procedures for foodborne illness outbreaks?
- d. What top three action items will you take back to your program/organization to ensure best management of a foodborne illness outbreak based upon what you have learned from this exercise?

